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Cowing a Tramp.

Mrs. Deacon Grover, who was the widow of the late Mr. McConnell, of the town of Horseheads, New York, is a lady approaching sixty years of age, a kind-hearted and charitable but spirited woman. One day recently she was visiting her son, Augustus McConnell, in Horseheads, who keeps a bachelor sort of a farm in the town. By bachelor, we mean not a lonesome place, nor an ill-kept one, but one in which the absence of women is a noticeable feature. During her visit Mrs. Grover was sitting at a table sewing, a something that is necessary even in a bachelor establishment. She was alone in the house. A person appeared who answered well the description of a tramp. He said he was hungry, and, the lady's sympathies being aroused, she drew her gold-rimmed spectacles from her eyes and, laying them on the table, went down into the cellar for some bread and meat for him. When she returned she noticed that her spectacles were gone from the table. With the toothsome provender on a plate still in her hand she said; "You've got my gold specs." The tramp denied the charge. She reiterated it and the stranger reiterated his denial. She quietly laid the plate on the table, went to a bureau and taking a revolver therefrom, her son keeping a weapon of this kind in every room in the house, as she knew, she pointed it at the tramp and told him if he didn't lay those specs on the table, she would shoot him where he stood. The tramp took the specs from his pocket, and mildly laid them on the table. "Now," she said, "eat what I have brought for you and get out." He ate and departed. When her son Augustus appeared, the spirited old lady again took the revolver from the bureau and said to him: "Augustus, how do you cock this weapon?"

An Electric Fire Tell-Tale.

There are several devices for enabling the rise of temperature accompanying an outbreak of fire at a particular place in a building to ring an alarm-bell by means of an electric current. There is the mercurial thermometer, in which the mercury column, on expanding by the increased temperature, makes contact between two platinum electrodes fused into the tube, and completes the circuit; and there is an arrangement in which the bimetallic spring, fixed at one end, is free to curve under the unequal expansion of the two metals, and close a circuit in that way. A still simpler plan has been recently contrived by M. G. Dupre, in which the contents of the automatic keys are kept apart by a piece of suet or tallow, which on melting by the heat allows them to come together through the operation of a small weighr attached to the uppermost contact bat. The tallow is not of course placed immediately between the contacts, for in that case the fat would act as an insulator, and prevent the flow of the current. The apparatus is readjusted after an alarm by charging it with fresh tallow.

THE PATH TO SUCCESS.

The path to success, tho' no smooth thoroughfare,
Is forbidden to none, 'tis as free as the air;
Yet many who boldly set forth on the track,
Ere the journey's half o'er shrink ignobly back.

For the phantom of Failure oft looms on the sight,
Whose terrors unreal the timid affright,
And obstacles many a wayfarer daunt,
Which those who persist rarely fail to surmount.

By efforts spasmodic success is ne'er won,
But only by plodding untiringly on,
Those who lag by the way ever seek it in vain;
They alone, who keep moving, the end can attain.

For when to a halt lack of energy leads,
The bourne of success from the traveler recedes;
More remote it becomes at each needless delay;
And on Hope's far horizon at length fades away.

Even Genius, unbacked by a resolute soul,
Must ever fall short of the coveted goal,
Where plain Mediocrity often arrives,
Because for its object it ceaselessly strives.

Then be earnest, undaunted; if you'd win success
Along the rude pathway unceasingly press;
Let no obstacles stay you, no hardship appall,
If defiant of failure, you'll not fail at all.

THE GOVERNESS.

By all means insist upon Mr. Carrol's coming, Ralph—it would hardly be a success in my opinion at least without him. If Mr. Carrol will only come and be pleased with us all, and especially you, Juliette——

Mrs. Cunningham's son Ralph interrupted her just a little indignantly.

"Mother, aren't you ashamed? Forrest would not come near the house even to oblige me if he thought you meant to angle for him because he happens to be rich, handsome, and desirable. Still I wish he would take a notion to you, only I perfectly despise fishing.

Ralph went off in search of his friend Carrol, to find him in his rooms, standing before a marble top table, on which lay a parcel he had just opened and which contained a white silk slipper—most exquisitely shaped and daintily small.

"A woman's slipper on your table, Carrol. Where did you get it?"

Cunningham picked it up curiously, admiringly, and laughed amusedly.

"I picked it up on the deck of the boat yesterday; that I have fallen in love with the woman who can wear such an aristocratic slipper—and that it is henceforth my business to find its fair owner, and to lay my fortune, my name, my heart, at her feet."

Ralph laughed and replied:

"My mother and sister send their warm regards, inviting you, and hope you have not quite forgotten your old friends on whom you used to call years ago, when Julie was quite a child. There is to be a week of fun rampant to celebrate Juliette's twenty-first birthday. Do consent, and have your valise packed in time for the five fifty-five train."

"You offer a terrible temptation to a fellow, Cunningham. It's just here Ralph. If I stay, I shall lose no time finding my other slipper and its owner and wearer, if I go down in a quiet little country——"

"See here, Carrol! By Jove, what a fool I am! My sister is noted for her pretty foot, and I am dead sure she and Jessie came to the city yesterday, and ten to one she bought slippers for the entertainment, and a hundred to one she lost one of 'em; it's just like her."

"Your lovely little sister Juliette, whom I remember had the prettiest of faces and fairest of forms when I saw her last—let's see—nearly six years ago. Bless you, Cunningham, I'll go."

"And take the lonely unmated slipper, Carrol, by all means."

"By all means, and Cupid bless me in the hunt for my Cinderella."

And at five fifty-five the train carried the two handsome men, toward Clifflawn Villa.

"And that is Juliette Cunningham. Well——"

And looking through the intervening room between where he sat and into which he was conscious, both by hearing and feeling, that a woman was coming. Mr. Carrol saw a slender, graceful exquisite girl coming rapidly towards him all unaware of his presence.

A girl with a face as pure and white as ivory, with magnificent dusky hair, and heavy straight brows.

Just then in dismay a laughing little mischief of six or seven came rushing in, curls and sash flying, white teeth shining and blue eyes flashing.

"O! Mr. Carrol, please, please hide me? Ralph said you were here, and Miss May wants me to practice, and I won't practice, when we've got company. Mamma and Julie are coming, I hear 'em; they'll send me off to that horrid old piano—oh, please let me stay cause I like you."

Carrol laughed and put his arm reassuringly around the child's waist.

"You haven't told me who you are, but I can guess; you are Jessie, aren't you? But who is Miss May?"

He drew the sunny little head to his breast caressingly.

"Oh! she's my gov'ness, and—oh, ain't she sweet? I just love her, Mr. Carrol."

"Then I am jealous."

She looked gravely at him.

"Well, I'll love you too, if you'll promise you won't tease me and pull my curls like Ralph does, nor—"

And Mrs. Cunningham sailed in rustling her black silken skirts, and greeted him effusively, while Juliette, charmingly frank, welcomed him ardently, and thought if only the Fates would be propitious.

And Jessie was sent off, post haste to the horrid piano.

"And tell Miss Dazian not to let you return until I send for you, Jessie."

So he had the name at last—May Dazian, and that was the beginning, when Juliette Cunningham saw his admiring glances whenever Miss Dazian came where he was, and his courteous attention when it was required of him.

"It is outrageous, mamma absolutely appalling, the way Jessie's governess allows the guest of the family to flirt with her. Why, she surely ought to know better than to lower herself so. If you don't tell her, I certainly shall if I see any more of it.

And the very same day because she met Carrol and Miss Dazian and Jessie standing on the balcony enjoying the brilliant mid-winter sunset, Juliette took it upon herself to administer a very sharp caustic rebuke.

"Jessie will catch cold Miss Dazian! You ought to know better than to be standing here. Don't let me have the necessity of reminding you of your duty again."

And Carrol set his teeth together to see the look of wounded pain that swept over May's sweet, patient, proud face, as without a word, she took Jessie's hand and led her into the house.

That evening for the closing of the various birthday festivities they had a tableau—the closing event of the evening—Cinderella, in four scenes. In the first, May Dazian was obliged to take the part of the ragged wretched heroine, at Carrol's grave, positive request.

"It will require two ladies to represent the character," he explained. "One as Cinderella before the fairy transformation, and one after. And in the last scene, where the prince fits the slipper, it would take so long to change the costume that the effect would be destroyed. Miss Dazian and Miss Cunningham are nearest of a size, and the face can be averted in Miss Dazian's part."

So to oblige May Dazian allowed herself to be dressed in an old ragged forlorn dress, Juliette was most gorgeously arrayed in the golden tissue and azure that became her so well, while, by common acclamation, Forrest Carrol was chosen the fairy prince.

And so there came little quivers of yearning pain in sweet May Dazian's heart as she tried to put him out of her heart, into which he had gone and throned himself, despite herself.

Then came the final scene, when Juliette extended one dainty, silken stockinged foot on the crimson cushion held by a courier, while the prince, on bended knee, triumphantly fitted the slipper.

Only it didn't fit, and it was almost more than Carrol could do to gravely contain himself while Juliette made desperate little plunges to get her foot in the slipper he produced; and then to see the look of chagrin on her face at her inability.

"You bought a child's shoe, Mr. Carrol. It's not much too large for Jessie."

Juliette whispered her angry little complaint just as the curtain went down.

Carrol laughed and shook his head; he had no time to answer for there was just barely time for Juliette to fly off the stage and May Dazian to take her place.

And then the curtain went up, with May standing surrounded by the courtiers, one perfect foot extended, exactly fitted by the slipper, and her sweet face full of a sad surprise that found words after the curtain went down finally.

"Where did you get my slipper? I lost it over a week ago, and I have looked everywhere in vain. And now to find it on my foot!"

Carrol smiled.

"The hour I found it I thought I lost my heart to the woman who owned it, May, but I lost it more hopelessly the hour I found you my little girlie. I love you. Tell me here, now, may I be the veritable prince who may beautify and possess your life? Sweet, your answer.'

And after due time it was very discreet in Mrs. Cunningham and Juliette to be exceedingly gracious to Mrs. Forrest Carrol, whose life has been like the realization of the fairy story in which her happiness was told her.

The Uses of Mica.

The mica chiefly met with in commerce is of that variety which is proof against acids and intense heat. Its toughness, elasticity, and close approach to transparency naturally led, at first, to its use for windows, and especially to its employment in lanterns. It is found in large quantities in Northern Carolina, where there are unmistaken evidences that some of the beds were worked a great many years ago. The finer sheets of tough mica are now used for such purposes as the dials of compasses, the lettering of fancy signs, covering photographs, constructing lamp shades, reflectors, etc. Of late mica has been used in the soles of boots and shoes, as a protection against dampness. The invention consists of a sheet of mica embedded in the boot or shoe between the outer and inner sole, the upper leather lapping over its edges, and covering the upper space from the toe to the instep. There are many other uses to which mica is put, and it is becoming more and more valuable as the arts and trades progress.

Mercy is sometimes an insult to justice.

Asiatic Opium Smokers.

A correspondent, traveling in Persia, writes as follows of the chief vice of men of that part of the world: "After supper of boiled rice plentifully greased, the men, of whom some eight or nine were present commenced smoking opium, a vice frightfully prevalent in this part of the world, as one can see from the corpse-like complexion, and dull, leaden, vampire-like stare of the eyes of half the people one meets. Even here in Kelat, in the room where I am writing this, three men are diligently plying an opium *kalian*. They lie, at full length on the floor, their heads together on the same pillow, their feet outward, like the spokes of a wheel. Close to the pillow is a small circular table of alabaster a foot wide, and raised five inches from the ground. On this is a small lamp of the same material, fed with butter. This is covered by a glass bell about seven inches high, its edges resting on three small copper coins, so as to allow air to enter. In the top is a small hole, bound with brass. The flame comes within a couple of inches of this aperture. A piece of opium as large as a good-sized pea is stuck on a point of a kind of metal bodkin, and held over the flame. It is repeatedly melted and tempered before being smoked. The opium pipe consists of an earthen or metal pear-shaped bulb, about the size of a boy's peg top. In the broad end is inserted a wooden tube, ten or twelve inches long. In the side of the bulb is a very small hole. A piece of roasted opium is placed on this hole, and pierced with the bodkin, so as to allow the passage of air. The smoker holds the opium thus placed over the aperture in the glass bell, and inhales the smoke, a companion all the while turning and manipulating the opium with the bodkin. After half a dozen whiffs the smoker relinquishes the apparatus, and sinks back in a semilethargic state. My head is dizzy, and I feel quite sick from the heavy, sour-smelling fumes which pervade the apartment. I can not very well ask them to stop or go out, as I am their guest. It is singular that while this vice is so universal among the more easterly Turcomans it is almost entirely unknown among the Turcomans of the Atterek and Caspian littoral."

Hunted by an Elephant.

"When I first went out to India," said the Major, leaning back in his chair, "our regiment was stationed at some out-of-the-way place up-country, where big game of every sort abounded; and I heard nothing else talked of at mess but tigers and bears, till I felt quite insignificant at being the only one who had never shot anything worth talking about.

"My great ambition in those days was to shoot an elephant—why, I'm sure I can't tell, except that it was the biggest thing to be had. Our fellows soon found out my fancy, and, as you may think, they made fun of it most unmercifully.

"So one night I took my 'elephant gun,' stole out without being seen by anybody, and made straight for a hollow by the river side, where the beasts were fond of coming to drink.

"I watched for a good while without seeing any sign of them, and was beginning to get very tired, and rather sulky to boot, when suddenly I heard a distant crashing among the thickets, and then a sound like the blowing of a cracked trumpet, which I had heard too often to mistake for anything but what it was—the cry of the elephant! Sure enough, in another minute the huge black mass stalked out from the shadow of the forest into the full splendor of the moonlight right past the tree in which I was perched.

"I had heard that the best spot to aim at was the forehead, just above the trunk, and so I did; but being in a hurry to make sure of my game, I fired wildly, and of course made a bad shot. A bad one it was for me in every sense, for instead of the forehead, my bullet grazed the trunk itself, the tenderest and most sensitive spot in an elephant's body.

"The moment he felt the smart of the wound he set up a scream that went through my head like a steam whistle, and came charging right down upon me. Bang! he came against the tree like an express train, with a shock that almost knocked me off my perch, and in trying to save myself I let fall my gun. Then he put his shoulder against the tree to try and push it down, and for a moment I was really afraid he would; but, luckily for me, it was a huge thick one, with great roots that had dug into the earth for yards round, and it proved a little too tough for Mr. Elephant.

"But when the beast saw that he couldn't reach me he did go into a fury, and no mistake! He stamped and screamed until the whole place rang again, and tore off the lower boughs, thick as they were, as easily as I'd break a flower stem, trampling them to pieces under his feet in a way that showed me pretty well what I had to expect if I once fell into his clutches.

"By this time I had quite enough experience of elephant hunting, and would have gladly given up all hope of 'winning ivory' to find myself safe back in my quarters. So long as I was hunting the elephant it was all very well, but when the elephant took to hunting me I didn't find the sport quite so amusing. I had read plenty of such tales when I was at school, and always longed to have an adventure of the sort myself, but now that I had got one it somehow didn't feel so nice as I expected. Any way, here was I and there was the elephant, and now that I had lost my gun the only thing for me to do, as far as I could see, was to stay where I was till one or the other of us got tired of it.

"Well, the elephant seemed to get tired of it first, and just as the first streak of dawn began to show itself in the sky he turned round and walked leisurely away. For a minute or two I heard him crashing among the thickets, and then all was quiet again, as if he'd gone right away.

"Now, thought I, is my time to decamp too, and down the tree I slipped, as nimbly as an acrobat. But I soon found that I'd been reckoning without my host, for I had hardly touched the ground when there came a crash like fifty mad bulls charging through as many glass houses, and out from the thicket, with his great white tusks levelled at me like bayonets, came my friend the elephant, who had been on the watch for me all the time!

"Whether I should have run, or stood my ground, and how I should have fared in either case, can never be known now, for just at that moment my foot slipped, and down I came close to the tree. The next moment there was a smash as if two trains had run into each other, and I made sure that I was knocked into a hundred pieces at least, and that it was all over.

But I soon became aware that I was still alive and sound, while a shrill, frightened cry overhead told me that it was the elephant who had got the worst of the bargain this time. I scrambled to my feet, gingerly enough, for the brute's great fore-legs were stamping and pounding like steam-hammers within arm's length of me, and there I saw a sight which, scared as I was, made me laugh till I could hardly stand.

"I had fallen just in time to escape the blow of the elephant's tusks, which had stuck themselves so deep into the tree that he couldn't pull them out again; and there he was, hard and fast, like a ship run aground! The animal's look of disgust and bewilderment at finding himself in such a fix was as good as a play to behold; but just then I was in no humor to stop and admire it, for I knew that he might possibly break loose yet, and that if he did it would be all up with *me*!

"My first impulse was to take to my heels at once; but the next moment I thought better of it, and decided to settle Mr. Elephant instead. I picked up and re-loaded my gun (which had luckily escaped his notice, or he'd have trampled it to bits), and scrambling up into the tree again, sent a bullet into his forehead which did its business, and left him standing upright in a very statuesque attitude indeed.

"And now came the question: Should I keep the secret of my adventure or not? On the one hand, I had undoubtedly attained my ambition of shooting an elephant, but, on the other, the way in which it had been done would be certain to set the tongues of our mess wagging more unmercifully than ever.

But the decision was not left to me. I was still standing beside my game, debating what to do, when I suddenly heard a roar of laughter behind me that made the whole forest echo again, and there stood our old major, apparently enjoying the scene.

"Indeed, my boy," said he, 'you've fairly beaten us all this time! Instead of troubling to catch the beast you've made him catch himself; and very neatly he's done it."

"Of course there was no hope of keeping my secret after *that;* so the major and I tramped back to the station, where I had to tell the whole story from beginning to end.

"The first thing to be done, however, was to send off a lot of our negroes to cut the elephant's tusk out of the tree, and bring them back as a trophy. The colonel had them stuck up in the mess room, where they served as an illustration to the story of my adventure, which was told with unbounded applause every time a stranger happened to dine with us. For more than a year after that our fellows never called me anything but 'The Grand Duke of *Tuscany*,' which always struck me as the poorest joke I ever heard in my life. And that was the end of my elephant hunt.

Coloring Walls

Ceilings and walls are often finished in distemper, but very often turn out unsatisfactory, from the want of knowledge in the mixing and laying on. Absorption in the wall should be checked or stopped, or one part will absorb more color than another, and an uneven or or spotty appearance result. Various preparations are used for preparing walls and to stop absorption. One of these is to mix about a dozen pounds of the best whiting with water, adding thereto enough parchment or other size to bind the color, about two ounces of alum, and the same weight of soft soap dissolved in water; mix well and strain through a screen or coarse cloth. In mixing the distemper, one writer says, "Two things are essentially necessary: clean and well washed whiting, and pure jellied size." The whiting should be put to soak with sufficient soft water to cover it well and penetrate its bulk. When soaked sufficiently, the water should be poured off, which will remove dust from the whiting. It then may then be beaten up to a stiff paste by the hand or spatula. Size is next added and mixed together. Care should be taken not to break the jelly of the size any more than can be avoided.

Another caution is that distemper should be mixed with jellied size to lay on well—the color then works cool and floats nicely; but when the size is used hot, it drags and gathers and works dry, producing a rough wall. A little alum added to the distemper hardens it and helps to dry it out solid and even. The best size is made from parchment clippings, which are put into an iron kettle filled with water and allowed to stand twenty-four hours till the pieces are thoroughly soaked, then they are boiled for five hours, and the scum removed. The liquid is then strained through a cloth. For mixing colors the whiting and the color required, finely ground, are dissolved separately and then mixed to the required tint. For example, lampblack mixed with whiting, makes gray, and the most delicate to the darkest shades may be obtained. For French gray the whiting required is taken and soaked in water, and Prussian blue and lake finely ground in water are added to produce the necessary shade or tint. Buff may be made by dissolving in like manner, separately, whiting and yellow ochre. A little Venetian red gives a warm tone. A good salmon tint is produced by adding to the dissolved whiting a little of the same red, just sufficient to tinge. Drabs of various tints can be easily made by grinding up finely a little burnt umber and mixing it with the dissolved whiting. The sooner the distemper color dries after being laid on, the better, and the best plan is to close windows and doors during laying, and throw them open afterward.

Trips of the Sort.

It was Catharine Lawler who took the head of the procession in the Mayor's Court, Chicago, and began:

"Ah! I'm glad to see your Honor looking so well! Looks now as if the backbone of winter was broken, doesn't it?"

"Yes, rather. How do you feel after being drunk and disorderly last night?"

"Say, won't your Honor look over it."

"I have let you off about six times, haven't I?"

"Just six, your honor, and this will make seven. What are seven little grains of mercy to a woman who has to work like a naygur for a living?"

"Let's see? you have always had an excuse for being drunk?"

"Yes, sir, always."

"The last time your excuse was that you took whisky for chills?"

"Yes, sir, and I haven't had a sign of one since."

"And what did you take it for this time?"

"To break up a fever, your Honor, and besides that I have five small children."

"Where are they?"

"Well, your Honor, they are dead, of course, but I'm thinking of them every hour in the day, you know. If you should send me up I don't know how me husband would get along."

"Where is he?"

"Well, sir, I think he's sailing out of the port of Buffalo this summer."

"Well, I'll have to send you up this time. I have given you all the show you could hope for, but you get drunk every two weeks as regularly as clock-work."

"Oh, no, sir—only once in twenty years. Indeed, sir, but this will be only seven times."

"Can't do it. I shall send you up for —.'

"For two hours, sir."

"For thirty days."

"Oh, sir, make it twenty."

"No."

"Twenty-five."

"No."

"Then for twenty-nine and a-half."

"Thirty days, Catharine, and Bijah will give you a seat on the Moorish divan to wait for the buggy."

"Very well, your Honor, and I'll take the divan up there wid me to lie on when influstrated with the heat. Your Honor is a gentlemen, and I hope you'll live to give me at least a dozen more trips of the sort.

Thaws and Frosts on Plants.

Herr Hoffman throws light on the way in which plants are injured in time of hard frost. It is well known that plants and trees situated in the bottom of a valley suffer much more from cold and frost than those in a higher situation. This is due to the fact that the valley, if surrounded by hills and high grounds, not only retain its own cold of radiation, but also serves as a reservoir for the cold heavy [illegible] down into it from the neighboring heights. The higher grounds in Switzerland are warmer than the valleys or gorges, as in these the cold collects as in so many basins. It is also found in this country that plants and shrubs, which survive the severity of winter on ground raised above the level of the valley, perish when grown in the valley itself. The great advantage of a hilly position is thus apparent, and has been amply proved by Herr Hoffman's observations at Geissen. Here he found that the plants so situated took little or no harm from the intense cold; while quite near, in the valley, there was extensive injury. The injury, too decreased in proportion to elevation above the valley. As to the immediate effect of temperature upon plants, the author is of the opinion that it is not a particular degree of cold that kills a plant, but the amount of quick thawing. This was illustrated in one case by the curious fact that one and the same bush—species of box—was killed in its foliage on the south side, while on the north the foliage remained green. The sudden change of temperature produced by quick thawing was considered to be some degrees less for plants in a high situation and for the shady sides of the half-killed shrubs. The higher situations are in this respect also favorable to plant life; because, while the frost is not so severe as in the valley, the effect of thawing winds is found to be the same for both. The plants on the higher ground are therefore subjected to less strain by variations from a low to a high temperature, and the reverse, than their congeners in the valleys. These facts are of importance in determining questions as to the sites of country houses and gardens, and the more or less hardy character of the plants and shrubs most likely, in the particular situation, to survive the frosts of winter.

The Kayak.

The kayak of the Greenlander is the frailest specimen of marine architecture that ever carried human freight. It is eighteen feet long and as many inches wide at its middle, and tapers, with an upward curving line, to a point at either end. The boat is graceful as a duck and light as a feather. It has no ballast and no keel, and it rides almost on the surface of the water. It is, therefore, necessarily top-heavy. Long practice is required to manage it, and no tight-rope dancer ever needed more steady nerve and skill of balance than this same savage kayaker. Yet, in this frail craft he does not hesitate to ride seas which would swamp an ordinary boat, or to break through surf which may sweep completely over him. But he is used to hand battles, and, in spite of every fortune, he keeps himself upright. We have been assured, however, by persons familiar with Arctic cruising, that the Kayaker does sometimes come to grief by the capsizing of his canoe. The skirt of his sealskin waterproof shirt being firmly lashed to the coaming of the well of the kayak, he becomes so chilled by the cold water, and exhausted by his struggles to free himself from his canoe, that death by drowning overtakes the poor fellow in spite of all his presence of mind and nautical skill. As long as he retains his double-bladed paddle under water there is a fair chance of the kayaker righting himself, but when that is lost his chances of getting safely to land are poor indeed.

Scenery and Bumps.

In Nevada recently two rival coaches started out on parallel roads, each four-team on the gallop. The New Yorker being the only passenger in one coach took a seat with the driver. He endured the first five miles very well, as the road was pretty smooth, but he finally carelessly observed:

"This pace is rather hard on the horses isn't it?"

"Oh, no; they are used to it. I haven't begun to swing 'em yet!" was the reply.

"If we were going a little slower I could enjoy the scenery much better."

"Yes, I s'pose so, but this line isn't run on the scenery principle."

That ended the conversation until the horses turned a corner and the stage rode around it on two wheels. Then the Yorker remarked:

"I suppose you sometimes meet with accidents?"

"Almost every day!" was the brief reply.

"Isn't there danger of something giving way?"

"Of course, but we've got to take our chances. G'lang there."

At the end of another mile the passenger controlled his voice sufficiently to inquire:

"What if we shouldn't reach Red Hill at exactly two o'clock? I am in no hurry."

"No, I s'pose not, but I've got to do it or lose ten dollars."

"How?"

"I've got an even ten bet that I can beat the other stage into Red Hill by fifteen minutes, and I'm going to win that money if it kills a horse!"

"Say, hold on!" exclaimed the other as he felt for his wallet, "I like to ride fast, and I'm not a bit nervous, but I do hate to see horses get worried. Here's $20 for you and let's sort o' jog along the rest of the way and get a chance to smoke and talk about the Indians!"

"Whoa, there! Come down with you—gentle now—take it easy and don't fret!" called the driver as he pulled in and reached for the greenbacks with one hand and his pipe with the other, and thereafter the New Yorker had more scenery and less bumps.

Pins.

To the young lady whose intricate overskirt is held in innumerable folds by many pins, it may seem a hardship that her yearly allowance of pins is only about 140. Such, however, is the case with each individual in the United States on an equitable division of the pins yearly sold in this country. But the Indians in the West are not supposed to use their full allowance, and collar buttons have so far done away with the use of pins by gentlemen generally that the young lady may perhaps provide herself with some one else's allowance. The pins made in the United States are made by fourteen factories. Their annual production for several years past has been about 7,000,000,000 pins. This number has not [illegible] for some years, the demand remaining about the same. A few of these 7,000,000,000 are swallowed by children, a number are bent up in schools and placed in vacant and inviting chairs, and some millions get into cracks of floors, and the rest for the most part are scattered along the byways and highways, where they have dropped from dresses and been left to work their way into the earth.

The importation of English pins is small, and the exportation of pins from the United States is confined to Cuba, South America and parts of Canada, where, however, but few pins are sent. England supplies almost the whole world outside the United States.

The raw material—the brass and iron wire from which all American pins are made—is from the wire mills of this country, and much of the machinery for their manufacture is of American invention and patent.

How Coffee came to be Used.

It is somewhat singular to trace the manner in which arose the use of the common beverage of coffee, without which few persons in any half or wholly civilized country in the world, now make breakfast. At the time Columbus discovered America, it had never been known or used. It only grew in Arabia, and Upper Ethiopia. The discovery of its use as a beverage is ascribed to the Superior of a monastery in Arabia, who, desirous of preventing the monks from sleeping at their nocturnal services, made them drink the infusion of coffee, upon the reports of the shepherds that their flocks were more lively after browsing on the fruit of that plant. Its reputation spread through the adjacent countries, and in about two hundred years it had reached Paris. A single plant, brought there in 1714, became the parent stock of all the French coffee plantations in the West Indies. The Dutch introduced it into Java and the East Indies, and the French and Spanish all over South America and the West Indies.

Had a Shock.

"Yes," Mr. Messenger replied, in answer to the young lady's remark, "he was rather fond of bathing; very fond of it, in fact, but he received a terrible shock a few summers ago while in the water, and he has never recovered from it."

"My," she exclaimed, "did a snake bite him?" "Oh, dreadful!"

"No;" Mr. Messenger said; "it wasn't that."

Did he come near drowning, then?" she wanted to know.

"No," he said, "it wasn't that exactly but just as he was about ready to come out of the river he saw a tramp going up over the hill, about a quarter of a mile away, with his hat, his pocketbook, his vest, his watch, his handkerchief, his stockings, his cigar case, his shoes, his collar, his necktie, his shirt stud, and collar button, his s-s-suspenders, his cane, and, well, in fact, his trousers. And there was a Sunday school picnic only half a mile down the river, gradually coming nearer, and he lounged around among the willows all that day and walked home alone in the starlight. And the fact was he has never been able to enjoy a swim much since that time."

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 21., '81

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL
Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square....	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column...	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column...	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	30 00
1 column...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.
Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

P. C. Weidenhamer and J. M. Dick, preachers.

Rev. J. M. Dick preaches next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—M. I. Jamison, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—D. A. Musser, supt.

Reformed.

Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Pastor.

German preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning.

United Brethren.

Rev. Tullheim, Preacher-in-charge.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—H. E. Duck, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 355, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. R. A. BUMILLER, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Prest.

Announcements of Candidates.

The following is our scale of charges for the announcement of candidates for nomination by the ensuing Democratic county convention—strictly cash in advance: Sheriff, Prothonotary and Treasurer—$5 each; Associate Judge and Register—$4 each; Commissioner and Recorder—$3 each; Auditor—$1. Candidates must pledge themselves to support the ticket nominated.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce that J. H. HOLT, of Snow Shoe township, is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that J. G. MEYER, of Haines township, is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that GEO. W. SPANGLER, of Potter township is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that D. C. KELLER, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce that GEORGE HOFFER, of College township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN B. LEATHERS, of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that THOMAS J. DUNKEL, of Rush township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN COLDREN, of Gregg township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that S. K. FAUST, of Miles township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that MICHAEL KERSTETTER, of Spring township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that DANIEL T. WIELAND, of Harris township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOSEPH L. NEFF, of Boggs township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that L. T. MUNSON, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce that J. C. HARPER, is a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to Democratic rules.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN RISHEL, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN K. RUNKLE, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to Democratic rules.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN WOLF, of Miles township, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that B. E. DUCK, of Penn township, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN HOY, Jr., of Marion township, is a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that A. J. GRIEST, of Unionville, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that B. H. ARNEY, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that SAMUEL DECKER, of Walker township is a candidate for Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that C. ALEXANDER, of Penn township, is a candidate for Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

REGISTER.

We are authorized to announce that JOE W. FURY, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that T. B. JAMISON, of Gregg township, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JAMES A. McCLAIN, of Boggs township, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that HENRY BECK, of Spring township, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

RECORDER.

We are authorized to announce that FRANK E. BIBLE, of Spring township, is a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN MYERS, of Harris township, is a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to Democratic rules.

Democratic County Committee.

The following persons have been named as members of the Democratic County Committee for 1881.

Bellefonte, W. W	Nicholas Redding.
Bellefonte, N. W	Charles Schrader.
Bellefonte, S. W	Edward Brown, Jr.
Milesburg	O P Kreamer.
Millheim	D L Zerby.
Unionville	A Toner Leathers.
Howard	George Wistar.
Philipsburg	A J Graham.
Benner	Jerry Roan.
Boggs	James A McClain.
Burnside	Oscar Holt.
Curtin	John McClosky.
College	Jacob Bottorf.
Ferguson, old	John T. McCormick.
Ferguson, new	Miles Walker.
Gregg, south	Henry Krumrine, Sr.
Gregg, north	James Duck.
Halfmoon	John Ward.
Haines	Solomon Ettlinger.
Harris	John A Rupp.
Howard	John A Dunkle.
Huston	Henry Hale.
Liberty	W H Gardner.
Marion	Perry Condo.
Miles	Samuel K Faust.
Patton	John Reed.
Penn	Chr st Alexander.
Potter, north	John Shannon.
Potter, south	James McClintic.
Rush	John Donlan.
Snow Shoe	Abel Campbell.
Spring	John Noll.
Taylor	William Calderwood.
Union	S K Emerick.
Walker	Ambrose McMullen.
Worth	Marshall Lewis.

P. GRAY MEEK,
Bellefonte, Pa., Feb 1. Chairman.

JURY LIST FOR AUGUST TERM.

GRAND JURY.

Dav Deitrick, Walker	J Musser, Jr, Ferguson
H A Moore, Howard	J Witmer Wolf, Potter
Wm Wike, Half Moon	Jac F Stover, Haines
Mich Fletcher, Liberty	D B Malone, Boggs
S Williams, Huston	John B Bitner, Potter
Henry Heaton, Boggs	Peter Robb, Curtin
John Callahan, Rush	F P Musser, Millheim
John Biddle, Patton	J Gunsaulus, Snowshoe
G W Swartz, Millheim	T Brumgard, Miles
L C Rearick, Spring	W McCormick, Jr., Po'r
S A Marshall, Benner	J B Rockey, Benner
Wm Young, Worth	Conrad Singer, Curtin

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

John Love, Ferguson	J Cronister, Half Moon
W R Camp, Potter	J A Crider, Boggs
O M Sheets, Ferguson	J S Boal, Harris
Em'l Peter, College	Constans Curtin, Boggs
Lewis Mench, Haines	S Mattern, Half Moon
N J McCloskey, Curtin	Henry Wolf, Miles
E R Jones, Worth	John Gingrich, Worth
J F Ward, Ferguson	Wm Stiver, Potter
John Weaver, Harris	John F Miller, Potter
E B Hosterman, Potter	E Poorman, Snow Shoe
Geo W Fleck, Boggs	Wm A Kerr, Potter
Jos Gilliland, Potter	Geo Kauffman, Spring
Dan K Miller, Marion	Aaron Ulrich, Penn
W Zimmerman, B'side	Geo Martz, College
Thomas Lingle, Potter	D L Zerby, Penn
Dan Glossner, Liberty	Lowrey Shope, Boggs
C M Sellers, Patton	W Clevenstine, Walker
W Bartholomew, Gregg	Wm Bradford, Harris
D W Holt, Philipsburg	Ed Krumrine, Gregg
Uriah Stover, Haines	Huam Blowers, Taylor
T Walker, Snow Shoe	Fergus Potter, Harris
B F Homan, Ferguson	J Confer, Jr., Harriss
W R Mattern, Huston	Daniel Roush, Miles
George Bower, Haines	W C Farmer, Potter

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

C Dale, Benner	Hen Emerick, Gregg
John R Bair, Millheim	Jacob H Wile, Haines
J H Holt, Snow Shoe	J B Mitchell, Ferguson
A Cheney, Worth	John Ruth, Miles
L T Munson, Bellef'te	E Zimmerman, Boggs
G W Rhoads, Benner	D Dunkle, Sr., Walker
Geo W Wilson, Union	H L Harvey, Boggs
G R Spigelmyer, Haines	J G Jones, Worth
Jas B Lane, Bellefonte	Dan Beanes, Taylor
Wm Beckwith, Worth	D Z Kline, Bellefonte
G M Swartz, Bellefonte	Al Jones, Philipsburg
D H Parker, Philipsb'g	W H Wilkinson, Bellef
G F Emerick, Benner	Chas Holt, Snow Shoe
F McFarlane, Harris	Sam'l Balhurst, Boggs
David Evans, Potter	C Eckenroth, Spring
J Dumbleton, Rush	A J Shivery, Benner
G D Johnston, Howard	John Luth, Spring
Jas Irvin, Bellefonte	Dan A Grove, College

Democratic Delegate Election and County Convention.

The Democratic voters of Centre county will meet at the regular place of holding the general election for their districts, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1881,

to elect delegates to the Democratic County Convention. The election will open at two o'clock p. m., and close at six p. m.

The delegates chosen at the above time will meet in the Court House, at Bellefonte on Tuesday, the 9th day of August, at two o'clock p. m., to nominate two candidates for Associate Judge; one candidate for Sheriff; one candidate for Prothonotary; one candidate for Treasurer; one candidate for Register; one candidate for Recorder; two candidates for County Commissioner; two candidates for Auditor; and to transact such other business as the interest of the party may require.

The number of delegates to which each district is entitled is as follows:

Bellefonte W W	1	Haines	5
" N W	2	Harris	3
" S W	3	Howard	2
Milesburg	1	Huston	1
Millheim	2	Liberty	2
Unionville	1	Marion	2
Howard boro	1	Miles	5
Philipsburg	5	Patton	1
Benner	4	Penn	3
Boggs	4	Potter north	3
Burnside	1	" south	4
Curtin	2	Rush	4
College	2	Snow Shoe	3
Ferguson old	3	Spring	4
" new	1	Taylor	1
Gregg south	5	Union	1
" north	2	Walker	5
Halfmoon	1	Worth	1
Total			92

P. GRAY MEEK,
Chairman Co. Com.

The President Getting Better.

By the latest advices from Washington President Garfield is slowly but surely getting better. An impression prevails throughout the country that he is out of danger but such is not yet the case, although the physicians soon hope to pronounce his recovery certain. He eats, rests and sleeps as well as could possibly be expected by one so dangerously wounded. Time and patience must do the rest to restore him, and there is very good reason to hope that he will recover, although the process of full restoration to health will be necessarily slow and tedious.

OHIO DEMOCRATS.

They Met in Convention and Nominate John W. Bookwalter for Governor.

COLUMBUS, July 13.—The Democratic State Convention met to-day, and the chairman of the State central committee, James Edwin Spear, of Cincinnati, was announced as temporary chairman.

The resolutions declare the purpose of the party to promote the happiness of the whole people; the equality of all people before the law; equal taxation; unpolitical legislation and a free and pure ballot as the corner-stone of free institutions; opposition to monopolies and subsidies of all kinds; the strictest economy in national, state and local administrations, that labor may be lightly burdened; the maintenance and advancement of the common school system.

John W. Bookwalter was nominated on the second ballot for Governor,

Other nominations were made, as follows; For Lieutenant Governor, Edgar M. Johnson, of Cincinnati, Supreme Judge, E. F. Bingham, of Franklin; State Treasurer, A. F. Winslow, of Cleveland; Attorney General, Frank C. Dougherty, of Highland; Commissioner of Public Works, John Crowe, of Defiance.

Democratic County Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the Democratic County Committee will be held at the committee rooms over the Watchman office, Bellefonte, on

THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1881,

at 2 o'clock P. M. Every member of the committee is requested to be present.

P. GRAY MEEK, Chairman.
A. Y. McKEE, Secretary.

ONE SENATOR ELECTED.

The Agony Half Over.

ALBANY, July 17.—The joint convention met at noon yesterday to vote for a United States Senator in the place of Roscoe Conkling, resigned.

The vote stood as follows: Potter, 47; Lapham, 68; Conkling, 29; Evarts, 1. Necessary to a choice, 73.

The convention then proceeded to vote for the long term vacancy, with the following result: Kernan, 47; Miller, 76; Fish, 9; Chapman, 2; Daniels, 1; Adams, 1; Starin, 2; Tenney, 1; Wheeler, 4; Talcott,'; Bliss, 1. Necessary to a choice, 78.

Hon. Warner Miller was duly declared elected for the long term, vice Platt, resigned. Mr. Miller is at present a member of congress. He is largely engaged in the manufacture of paper and in farming, but beyond good business capacities has neither marked ability nor personal magnetism.

Mr. Conkling's successor has not yet been chosen and may not be for some time.

A CARD.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF CENTRE CO.

Finding that injustice is being done me by the circulation of a report to the effect that I am a candidate for sheriff in the interest of the present sheriff and his deputy, who in case of my nomination and election are to assist in filling the office and profit by my success, I take this opportunity of branding such report as false in every particular. I have no arrangements or bargain with any one. I have made no pledge or given no promise to any one. I believe I am qualified and competent to fill the office myself and if nominated and elected intend to do so.

L. T. MUNSON.

Communicated.

Editor Journal:—Allow me a small space in your paper to present the claims of Mr. Thomas B. Jamison as a candidate for the office of Register. There is not a candidate before the Democracy of Centre county to-day more worthy of support than Mr. J., nor is there a township in the county that has stronger claims for consideration than Gregg. Mr. Jamison has all the necessary qualifications for the position is a sound Democrat, fully conversant with the German language, is posessed of a genial and obliging disposition, and will, if nominated and elected, be an excellent official. I urge the claims of Mr. J. upon the Democrats of the county hoping they will give him a hearty and united support.

DEMOCRAT.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* recommends that the state senate be abolished. The Clinton *Democrat* enlarges on the idea and suggests that both house and senate be abolished, and that the judges and other state officers frame the necessary laws and submit them to a vote of the people every five years.

Under a law passed by our legislature last winter, minors, who represent themselves as being of age for the purpose of procuring liquor, may be fined twenty dollars and imprisoned thirty days.

In North Carolina the negroes held a convention and resolved that they must have more offices or else they will leave the Republican party.

Letter from Texas.

Clarendon, Donly county, Texas,
July 14th, 1881.

Dear Journal:—While waiting for our surveying party to go out, I concluded to drop you a line before leaving Clarendon, as I expect to be away from here for about three weeks, in which time I expect to have little if any communication with or from the outer world. Mr. J. H. Parks, Surveyor for Donly county, with an outfit consisting of one wagon with baggage and commissary, two chainmen, one cook and myself as Mr. Park's assistant, comprise the party. Mr. Parks will survey for Capt. Goodnight, throughout Armstrong and Randall, and probably throughout Briscoe counties. We will follow the celebrated Polo Deero Canyon, said to be the finest cattle range in the state.

If you take the trouble to trace our route west from Clarendon in Donly county through Armstrong into Randall, thence into Briscoe, you will readily see that we have a big job before us. These three counties are owned and controlled almost exclusively by Mr. Adair, of Ireland, a wealthy landholder there. He owns also the south west corner, or about one fourth of Donly county. He reroches out and takes in all the lands he can get hold of as soon as they come into market, so that no one may interfere with him. Capt. Goodnight is his agent here. I will give you a full description of his ranche and operations if I am fortunate enough to get through them.

I have seen considerable of this country since I last wrote you, but saw nothing new that would specially interest you or your readers. There is so much sameness in the general topagraphy of the country. We have a pretty piece of prairie, then a break, through which flows a stream, then again as lovely a little valley covered with the finest grass that can be seen, with very little if any timber. This is about the general appearance of the country. The breaks, abrupt and steep as they are, serve the good purpose to shelter stock during the storm.

About 12 miles north of town we strike the plains. They are about 4 miles wide and 18 to 20 long, as level as a floor, with here and there a lake, at present dry. They are covered with a short curled grass called musquite, (muskeet) said by stock men to be the best grass that grows for winter feed. It fattens readily and much less is necessary to satisfy the appetite than of any other kind of grass. These plains have the best soil for cultivation, and if ever this part of Texas gets rain sufficient to keep vegetation growing, it will be the finest agricultural region under the sun. The soil is rich, deep and fertile. All the elements are present, excepting a sufficiency of moisture. Last year they claim to have had sufficient rains to perfect the crops, and those who had planted largely are said to have done well. Mr. Freeman, a Massachusetts farmer, claims to have made about $800 from 50 acres of broken land. Notwithstanding the excessive drouth, corn and millet look well, but everything else is a failure, except Egyptian corn and sorghum, of which but little is planted this year, because everything did so well last year. Egyptian corn, sorghum, millet, sweet potatoes, cattle, horses and mules, are the staple productions of this country. Of these cattle horses and mules seem to grow spontaneously with very little if any care, and are as fine as can be seen anywhere.

To any person who wishes to invest from $5000 to 10,000 and make from $25,000 to $50,000, out of it in from five to ten years, there is no better country than this. But men must not come here expecting to live in brick mansions with fine apple and peach orchards and all the comforts of old settlements surrounding them. These things are all in the future. The one story *adobe* the *dug out* the *Cottonwood log ranche house*, the wild plum and wild grape, are all the evidences of civilization, as yet, but any one with the necessary pluck and endurance can soon make himself and his family very comfortable.

My letter grew longer than at first intended, but I do not expect to write again for at least several weeks.

Very truly yours,
W. R. ALEXANDER.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.
Montandon	7.00	9.45	2.20	6.45
Lewisburg ar	7.15	10.00	2.35	7.00
Lewisburg lv	7.25			
Fair Ground	7.30	10.06	2.40	
Biehl	7.41	10.21	2.51	
Vicksburg	7.47	10.30	2.57	
Mifflinburg	8.03	10.51	3.13	
Millmont	8.25	11.20	3.35	
Laurelton	8.35	ar 11.35	3.46	
Wicker Run	9.00		4.11	
Cherry Run	9.17		4.30	
Fowler	9.37		4.50	
Coburn	9.48		5.02	
Spring Mills	10.15		ar 5.30	

TRAINS LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6 P. M.	8 P. M.
Montandon ar	6.50	ar 9.30	ar 1.20	ar 6.30
Lewisburg	6.55	9.15	1.05	6.15
Fair Ground		9.10	1.00	6.10
Biehl		9.01	12.48	6.00
Vicksburg		8.56	12.42	5.55
Mifflinburg		8.43	12.25	5.40
Millmont		8.25	12.02	5.20
Laurelton		8.15	11 50	5.10
Wiker Run		7.48		4.47
Cherry Run		7.31		4.30
Fowler		7.10		4.10
Coburn		6.58		4.00
Spring Mills		6.30		3.30

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Kane, Corry and Erie, and Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Emporium, also Elmira, Watkins, Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 3 and 4 connect with Pacific Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Nos. 5 and 6 connect with Day Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, and Niagara Express west for Williamsport, Lock Haven and Renovo, Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg via Lock Haven, also Elmira, Watkins and Buffalo, and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 7 and 8 connect with Fast Line west for Williamsport and Lock Haven.

No. 8 also connects with Erie Mail east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, June 12th, 1881, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	8 40 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore.	9 09 a. m.
" "	Lock Haven.	9 40 a. m.
" "	Renovo	11 05 a .m
" arr. at Erie		7 45 p. m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	9 00 a. m.
" "	Harrisburg	12 15 p. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	3 15 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven.	4 20 p. m.
" "	Renovo	5 20 p. m.
" "	Kane	10.05 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	12 10 p. m.
"	Harrisburg	4 00 p. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	7 55 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	9 10 p. m.

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven..	7 05 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore..	7 37 a. m.
" "	Williamsport.	8 20 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg ...	12 05 p. m.
" "	Philadelphia.	3 20 p. m.
" "	Kane	6 00 a. m.
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven..	11 25 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	12 25 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg ..	3 40 p. m.
" "	Philadelphia.	6 45 p. m.
" "	Erie	11 35 a. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	9 00 p. m
" "	Lock Haven	10 10 p. m.
" "	Williamsport	11 30 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 00 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 35 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 15 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 15 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 35 a. m.

Erie Mail and Fast Line and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West. Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

CENTRE HALL
Furniture Store.

WM. R. CAMP,
PROPRIETOR.

Walnut & Fancy Chamber Suits, Lounges, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Sinks, WASHSTANDS, Parlor Tables, Breakfast Tables, Extension Tables, Wood and Cane Seat Chairs, Mattresses, Spring Beds, and everything else in the Furniture line at the lowest prices. I hope to merit the patronage of the public by good work and moderate prices. Please call and see my stock before you go out of your own valley for your furniture. You can do fully as well at home as you can anywhere else.

TRY ME!

Call and examine them.

We manufacture the best OVERALLS in the country.

BAULAND & NEWMAN.

Great Peremtory SALE OF DRY GOODS AT COST.

F. J. TROXELL,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Agent for the closing out sale of a large and desirable assortment.

Ladies' Dress Goods, Notions, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Shawls,

Wool square & long Shawls, Broche, Paisley, and Black Cashmere Shawls, all wool &
SKIRTS, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Suitings, CLOTHS,
Red, white and plaid Flannels, Linsey, Bleached and Bleached as well as colored COTTON LANNELS, DOMESTIC GOODS, Muslins Shee gs, Table Linens, Towlings, &c.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS

Tapestry, Brussels, all wool extra super Ingrain Carpets, also a fine assortment and the most beautiful designs in cheap carpets, besides Hall and Stair Carpet to match. Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Shading and Curtin fixtures. Butter, Eggs, Lard, Bacon and Wool taken in exchange for goods. If you desire bargains don't forget the place,

Corner of Main and Vesper Streets, Lock Haven, Penna.

THE NEW VICTOR.

SIMPLICITY SIMPLIFIED!

Improvements September, 1878.

Notwithstanding the VICTOR has long been the peer of any Sewing Machine in the market—a fact supported by a host of volunteer witnesses—we now confidently claim for it greater simplicity, a wonderful reduction of friction and a rare combination of desirable qualities. Its shuttle is a beautiful specimen of mechanism, and takes rank with the highest achievements of inventive genius. *Note.*—We do not lease or consign Machines, therefore, have no old ones to patch up and re-varnish for our customers.

We Sell New Machines Every Time.

Send for Illustrated Circular and prices. Liberal terms to the trade. Don't buy until you have seen the

Most Elegant, Simple and Easy Running Machine in the Market.—The Ever Reliable VICTOR.

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Western Branch Office, 235 STATE ST., CHICAGO, ILL. MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

FREE BY MAIL.
WONDERFUL CURES
HOPELESS CASES OF
CONSUMPTION

Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Debility and All Chronic Diseases. 20 years of great experience. 2,000 hopeless cases cured. Astonishing discovery of new treatment to quicly fatten, make blood and build up the system. Invalids caused to eat and digest enormously and gain 3 to 5 pounds per week. Vital and healing force is rapidly and powerfully increased. New life and vigor imparted the first few days. Severest cases of Consumption, bed fast and given up to die, cured in 2 to 3 months. Inflamation in the Lungs removed, Hectic Fever and Night Sweats, and Cough made loose, and easy, or checked in 36 hours. The treatment exhilerates, exalts, arouses all organs into healthy vigorous operation. It is also the greatest cure on earth for Liver, Kidney, Heart, Head, Blood Skin Female and Nervous Diseases, Seminal Weakness, all diseases of schildren, and the Opium Habit. We are home t in our offier, and earnestly invite you to write or come before it is too late, no matter what your disease, even if abandoned by the ablest physicians. Describe your case. Trial free to all who come here. A trial package of our medicines worth $2 to $4 sent by mail to all who send us the names and addresses of all afflicted in their vicinity and 5 cents to postage, B. S. DISPENSARY, errien Springs, Mich.

EXCELSIOR
STEAM DYE WORKS
LEWISBURG, PA.
W. Davis,
Proprietor.

My Factory has all the machinery and facilities of a first class establishment of its kind. My experience in the business extends over many years, both in this country and in Europe, and am therefore enabled to do strictly first class work at moderate prices.

THE JOURNAL STORE,
Millheim, Pa.,

has accepted an agency from me. All goods brought there for dying will be returned free of extra charge.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE
Gettysburg, Pa.

The Faculty and Instructors are the following:
Milton Valentine, D. D.,
President and Professor of Intellectual and Moral Science.
Luther Henry Croll, A. M.,
Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy.
Rev. Adam Martin, A. M.,
Professor of the German Language and Literature, and of Greek.
Rev. Henry Eyster Jacobs, D. D.,
Franklin Professor of the Ancient Languages
John A. Himes, A. M.,
Graeff Professor of the English Language and Literature, and of History.
Rev. Philip M. Bikle, A. M.,
Ockershausen Professor of Phisics and of Latin. And others.

JUST RECEIVED AND UNPACKED
My New Spring Stock of
MILLINERY GOODS,
Which Embraces all the new styles and colors, including the very fashionable
LEGHORN, FRENCH CHIP, AMERICAN CHIP, STRAW, PORCUPINE, TUSCAN
BRAID, &c., which I have in great variety, at my store
PENN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA.

I can suit all purses as I sell both cheap and costly goods.

Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Untrimmed Goods, Silk Trimmings, Artificial Flowers, and everything desirable in my line. Your trade respectfully solicited.

MRS. ANNA M. WEAVR.

The Model Grocery.
S. P. KERSTETTER,
Proprietor.
MARKET STREET, LEWISBURG, PA.

Dealer in first class Groceries of all kinds, Flour and Feed, Wood and Willow Ware.

Queensware a Speciality.

sell a *White Granite Tea Sett*, 46 *pieces, for* $300. All other Queensware in proportion.

Just received the finest lot of China Ware ever brought to this place.

If you come to Lewisburg don't fail to give me a call and get the best bargains you ever had.

JOHN S. FISHER,
Manufacturer of
CARRIAGES, SPRING WAGONS,

BUGGIES, SLEIGHS,
REBERSBURG, PENNA.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 21., '81.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—Too much ice water is injurious to health.

—It is predicted that chestnuts will be very plenty the coming fall.

—The Allentown silk factory is nearly completed.

—Try Spigelmyer's 12½ cent coffee. None better in town at any price.

—Be careful of cucumbers and green apples.

—To use a postage stamp once will cost you three cents, but to use it again will cost you $50.

—An Evangelical camp meeting will be held at Swengle station commencing August 4th.

—R. H. Duncan, Esq., is engaged in erecting a large store building at Spring Mills.

RICE—RICE—RICE!—In order not to be undersold by anyone, Spigelmyer is selling that 7 cent Rice at 5 cts. per pound.

—The Presbyterians of Hartleton are making preparations to build a church. R. V. Glover, Esq., gives the lot and $500 to start with. Noble act.

—Thieves are getting so bad in Mifflinburg that the merchants found it necessary to take measures to have night watchmen appointed.

—You can always get the highest prices for produce at Spigelmyer's. Butter 16, Eggs 16, Lard 10, Ham 12, Shoulder 11, Side 10 cts.

—Harry Tomlinson is building an addition to his store room. He is determined to do all his business on the first floor.

—Spigelmyer bought a large lot of Sugars before the advance and is selling them at the old prices. Best white 11 cts., Brown 8 and 9 cts.

—Spigelmyer picked out a lot of his best calicoes, 7½ cent goods and marked them down to 5 cents, in order to make room for a large lot of new prints coming in next week.

—Our space is so much crowded that some interesting correspondence was unavoidably left out. We beg the indulgence of our valued correspondents.

—Mr. John H. Fisher, a son of Samuel H. Fisher, Esq., of Rockgrove, Ill., is at present sojourning with friends and relatives here, and expects to attend the Spring Mills Academy.

—The Philadelphia *Press* suggests a practical way to determine whether Guiteau is insane. It is to open his head, take his brains out and examine them. They might be replaced if found all right.

—The 51st Regt. P. V. will hold their second annual reunion at Lewisburg, Sept. 14th next. Hon. A. Wilson Norris, of Philadelphia and President Hill, of Lewisburg, are to deliver the addresses.

—One man in Troy has a sign out, "Attorney at Law, Notary Public, Justice of the Peace and Surveyor." It is presumed he teaches school, collects taxes, goes fishing and writes poetry to fill the rest of the time.

—The two banks of Lewisburg have the snug little sum of $374,469.19 on deposit. The question suggests itself why is not this dormant wealth put to some practical use, for example the building of a first class cotton factory?

—J. A. LIMBERT, the new mail contractor, has procured a fine new wagon, and is prepared to carry express packages and other goods from Coburn to Woodward and all intermediate points at reasonable charges. tf

—The Grangers of Clinton county and the Clintondale Camp Meeting Association will unite in holding a grand harvest home picnic on the Clintondale camp ground next Saturday, July 23rd. Col. Piolett and Leonard Rhone will be among the speakers.

—Centre Camp Meeting of the Evangelical Association will be held this year in Mr. John Keen's grove about three miles west of Millheim, commencing August 11th, and ending Aug. 18th. There will be no boarding house on or near the grove.

Committee.

—Lewisburg has hard work to enforce the cow ordinance. A paper of that town says that the *sookeys* are in the habit of holding re-union meetings at night in town, and sometimes one of them more ugly than the rest pitches a child into the air just for the fun of the thing.

—T. H. Harter, Esq., of the Nevada (Ohio) *Enterprise*, graced our sanctum several times during the last ten days with his friendly presence. Tom is a real good "clever fellow," if you know what that conventional term means, and if not, consult Webster about it, same as we frequently must do.

—Mr. Jacob Kleckner, of Hartley township, Union county, aged about 58 years, met his death on the 8th of this month while engaged in setting fish nets in Penns Creek. He was found on the bank of the creek naked and nearly dead—living only about an hour. It is thought that he died of apoplexy.

—At Spigelmyer's you can buy Mason's fruit jars at the following prices: 2 quart jars, $1.75 per dozen; 1 quart, $1.40 per dozen; pint, $1.20 per dozen.

—The Journal Store always keeps a complete line of stationery in all its branches. Blank and memoranda books in great variety, paper of every grade and price, pencils and penholders of every description. Staffords celebrated writing fluid a speciality. tf

—Prof. D. M. Wolf has secured the services of Mr. H. F. Bitner, A. B., a graduate of Franklin & Marshall College, to take charge of the Spring Mills Academy. Mr. Bitner is a fine scholar, and as a teacher ranks perhaps nearly as high as the Old Boss himself, who we learn will retain the supervision of the institution. We wish them much success.

—THE EXCELSIOR DYE WORKS at Lewisburg turns out first class work. Shawls, dresses and men's garments will be colored and pressed in best style. Mr. Jacob Wolf is agent for Centre county. Goods left at the Journal office will be attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. tf

—A scrape occurred at Boiling Springs in Cumberland valley, between a justice of the peace and a young teamster, in which the justice was badly punished by the teamster's whip, on account of a supposed intimacy between the justice of the peace and the teamster's wife. That's just the way all such dirty hounds should be treated.

—Rev. J. G. Shoemaker and Hon. W. K. Alexander have principally edited this number of the *Journal*, and they did their work so well that we feel ashamed to be called editor-in-chief. Our friends will do us a favor to further take the conceit out of us by simply calling us *Ben*, as some of our youthful Molly Maguires here in town often do.

—The Millheim Marble Works are having a fine run of custom. *Cause* and *effect* are here just as simple as can be. Better work and more reasonable prices can not be found in this section of the state. Besides this the Millheim Works have enjoyed the confidence of the public these many years. People know that the proprietors deal fairly and honorably with their customers. They do not impose on people with low grade stock and inferior work. tf

—The Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will hold its annual session this year at Washington, Pa., July 26th, 27th and 28th. Great preperations are being made by the proper committees as well as by the citizens of Washington to make this one of the best attended and most successful meetings the Associations ever had. The principal rail roads will sell tickets at reduced rates to all persons having orders, which will be furnished by addressing (stamp enclosed) up to July 23rd, J. F. Sickel, Ticket Agent, Germantown, Pa.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* has changed hands, the late publisher, Mr. E. C. Bender, having sold out to Mr. W. T. Bair. The *Journal* is among the best of our exchanges, a lively, spicy local paper, wide awake and always on the right side of the moral and social questions of the day—fearless and independent in utterance. We feel sorry that Mr. Bender retires from the fraternity but feel assured that the *Journal* will maintain its high character under the new proprietor. Brother Bair has our best wishes.

—Rev. A. D. Rowe's lecture on *Mission Work in India*, delivered in Aaronsburg last Sunday morning, was a success in the fullest sense of the word. Mr. Rowe is thoroughly and practically familiar with his subject, as well he may be, after an experience of some six years in active work. He has a strong, clear voice and uses a plain and easy style in speaking, so that all must understand everything he says. He kept his large audience in wrapt attention for about an hour, after which he exhibited some India idols, dresses, fancy needle work, etc. The collection, without which no missionary meeting is complete, was very good. Altogether the meeting was a rich treat to all present and especially to such as feel any interest in the spread of the blessed Gospel of Christ.

Mr. Rowe expects to sail for India early in September to engage again in the work he loves so well.

—The many friends of Rev. L. A. Gottwald, D. D., of York, Pa., will be pained to learn that death has entered the family circle of the doctor and plucked away that young bright, happy, hopeful son, Luther A. Gottwald, Jr., aged 14 years, 8 months and 15 days. He met his death by an accident which at first seemed trifling, but which alas, very soon proved fatal. We clip the account of the accident from the *York Daily* of July 12th:

It appears that on Monday July 4th, while playing in company with several companions he tramped into the teeth of a rake. The wound at first seemed slight and scarcely worth attention. It was however promptly attended to and poulticed every day. Nothing alarming manifested itself until Saturday afternoon when the unfortunate boy complained stiffness in the jaw and soon alarming symptoms were exhibited. He suffered much until yesterday afternoon (11th) when death came to his relief. He was conscious to the hour of his death and passed away without a murmer.

The remains were taken to Springfield, Ohio, for interment.

WANTED.—From 5 to 10 bushels of potatoes and 25 bushels of corn on account at this office.

—Brother Schoch, of the *Telegraph*, was here again this week. He called at our headquarters, stayed at least a reasonable time and did his level best to be social and agreeable. The lecture we read him some time ago on manners did him good, and if he gives us but half a chance we will make a pretty clever man of him—of course barring his stalwartism. He may call again.

—Rev. W. R. Wieand, of Rebersburg is afflicted with a disease of the throat and has found himself obliged to resign his charge and quit preaching for the present. He has labored most faithfully and acceptably for about a year and his parishioners feel the loss of their beloved pastor very much. Hope he may again be restored to health and active usefulness.

—W. F. MUSSER, A. B. who recently graduated from Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, will open a select school at Aaronsburg, on Monday, July 25th instant. Frank is amply qualified both by education and character to take charge of such a school, and we hope he may be patronized as he deserves. Aaronsburg used to be proud—and with reason—of her school's and school spirit, but for some years she has had no school above the "common" grade. We hope Frank will be able to revive some of the old spirit and enterprise that worked so nobly in the cause, in the days of Dimm, Haines, Burrell, Swartz, Foose and others. 2t

Communicated.

THAT SETTLES IT.—The *Reporter* and *Watchman* of last week each have a communication strongly urging "Daniel Neidigh, and "Daniel M. Neidigh, Esq," upon the Democrats of Centre county, for Sheriff, the *Reporter* article is signed "*Haines township*" and the *Watchman* article, "*Many voters from Miles*. But what is most singular about the matter is that both articles, purporting to have been written at different places and by a different person or persons, should happen to use precisely the same words, excepting only that "Haines Twp" forgot to insert the "M" and attach the "Esq." Strange coincidence!

I have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with Mr. Neidigh, but freely concede that "Haines Twp" and "*Many voters of Miles Twp.*" know all about him and his qualifications, and that their arguments ought to prevail and settle what threatens to become a troublesome question for the coming county convention.

Peace and Harmony.

The President's Mother Very Ill.

CLEVELAND, O., July 17.—Mrs. Eliza Garfield, mother of President Garfield, had a severe attack of cholera morbus on Friday, from which she partially recovered, but she is now prostrated by fever. On account of her extreme age—she is 81—her condition is regarded as very critical and fears are entertained for her recovery.

Letter from Kansas.

Emporia, Kansas, July 6th 1881.

Mr. Editor:—

My silence for so long a time was not the result of carlessness or want of interest but of a pressure of other duties arising from the position I here occupy. During the month of May I spent several weeks in Ohio, attending the sessions of the General Synod of the Reformed Church, and in June I spent several weeks in Nemeha, Brown and Jackson counties, in the northern part of the state, attending the annual meeting of the Kansas Classis and visiting some of the missions of the Church. During these visits I came in contact with many families from Central Pennsylvania—among whom were Jonathan Kreamer and Mr. Hockman, from Brush Valley, Calvin Meyer and Mr. Boone, from Sugar Valley, and many others, all of whom are doing well in opening up homes in this state.

The present week will be spent at home, and I embrace this leisure to drop a few lines to our many friends in Penns Valley.

The weather this spring has been favorable to growing crops, all of which with the exception of wheat will be above the average. Wheat however will be more than half a crop. While it is true that our rail roads and land jobbers continue to advertise the immense wheat crops of this state, candor compels me to say that the wheat crop is too uncertain to be depended upon. And even were it as certain as it is in Pennsylvania, other crops are more profitable to the farmer. Nothing pays better than cattle, sheep and hogs. Good steers two and a half years old, always find a ready cash market at prices ranging from $35 to $60. It will be seen that where these cattle can be pastured on the praries six months in the year, and wintered on hay at $3 per ton, and corn from 20 to 25 cts. per bushel, that there is more profit in it than in raising wheat. The same is true of hogs and sheep. Two years ago a farmer borrowed $700 and invested it in calves. A few weeks ago he sold his cattle for $1500, paid off his mortgage and made another start in calves. And there is no portion of Kansas better adopted to this kind of business than Lyon county. The indications are that Kansas will this year have the largest corn crop in her history.

In the early part of June we were visited by the most fearful tornado known for many years. Emporia suffered but little in comparison with surrounding towns. All the buildings and fences on the Fair Grounds were demolished. A few dwellings in town were destroyed and some others more or less injured. Among the latter was the new St. Paul's Reformed Church, which was built last year. About $35 will however repair all the damage sustained by the church. At Americus, nine miles north, the storm was more severe. The U. P. Church, costing $9000, was leveled with the foundations, while a score of smaller houses were also entirely destroyed. There the storm was accompanied by hail which did much damage. Whole fields of wheat were entirely threshed out, fruit was wholly destroyed, while the destructions of windows was fearful. At Osage, east of us, the storm was at its highest. Everything within its reach was destroyed, several lives lost and many persons more or less injured.

The exciting topic in this state is the temperance movement. As you are aware at the election last fall a constitutional amendment was adopted, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors of all kinds, save only for medicinal, mechanical and scientific purposes. This law went into effect May 1st. The Liquor party has raised a large fund for the purpose of fighting the law to the bitter end. Test cases have been raised and the law in its various phases has been passed upon by the Supreme Court which has in every case sustained it. In some few instances men sold openly and in defiance of the law, and have paid several fines, but find it rather expensive business and one after another is beginning to abandon the traffic. In Leavenworth, Achison, Dodge City, and perhaps one or two other places, they defy the law and the prosecuting attorneys shut their eyes, and when cases are returned they conduct trials with the intention of defeating the law. But the temperance element is wide awake and those officers who make no conscience of violating their oaths will find that their day of reckoning is nearer at hand than they are ready to admit. Temperance will be made a "*plank*" in the political platform at the coming election and the temperance element is strong enough to elect men who will enforce the laws of the state. The liquor element is evidently losing strength by the game they are playing. It is composed of the "*roughs*" who have endeavored to carry their point by the worst and most despicable means. All sorts of canards are issued by that party of the press which sympathizes with the whisky element—but in vain. "*Prohibition does prohibit.*"

The effects of the law thus far are various. It has rid the state of a class of men who were preying upon the community. They have now mostly gone to Missouri and other states, and in their stead there has been a large emigration of men who came into the state *because* of prohibition. Kansas is by many odds the gainer in this exchange.

In towns and cities where there was constant drunkenness and rowdyism, where "Lockups" became a shameful necessity, now even such a gathering as is brought together by a circus can pass off without the presence of even a single drunkard. Criminal cases in our courts are not half as numerous as they were before the law came into effect. More than all *—the youth of our state grow up sober men.* As under the old law the saloons paid a license of $500 each, it was feared that the diminution of the revenue would be seriously felt, but we find that we can get along better without this revenue and its accompanying drunkeness and rowdyism than with it.

To give you a faint idea of the stock business here I send you the report of Maj. Hood's sale made yesterday for this year, amounting to $35,379. This is a pretty good sale for one year. More anon.

Yours very truly,
J. G. SHOEMAKER.

SNAKES.

A Medina butcher found a snake eight inches long in a cow's liver.

In Santa Barbara county, California, they are killing rattlesnakes nine feet long.

Two little negroes killed a rattle snake in Taylor county, Ga., which was 7½ feet long and had eighteen rattles.

After N. S. Walker, of Colorado, Texas, had been compelled to use his revolver for half an hour to beat off rattlesnakes the romance of camp life vanished and he immediately struck his tent.

A large snake of the coach whip species attacked Joe Sluder, a negro of Covington, and coiled itself about his shoulders. Before it could be removed it had bitten him severely upon the hand.

Dr. A. K. Durham, a dentist, was at the home of Mayor Russell, in Anderson county, S. C., when his little granddaughter, six years of age, was bitten by a rattlesnake on the foot. No remedy was at hand. Dr. Durham heroically applied his lips to the wound and sent a messenger for whisky. Large doses of the liquor were given the child and she recovered. The doctor suffered no serious consequences.

About a mile and a half southeast of Rockville, R. I., there is a noted rendezvous for snakes and people living thereabouts are very careful how they approach the spot. Of the hundreds of snakes which have their homes at this den one has always been a terror to the neighborhood. It has been known that an enormous serpent had for several years infested the place, but no one wanted to tackle him and he was left alone. His snakeship is at least twenty feet long and a foot and a half in circumference, of a dark-brown color, and it is thought to be the one that escaped from the circus at Newport some years ago.

In the whole History of Medicine

No preperation has ever performed such marvelous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long contained series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

DIED.

On the 11th inst., at York, Pa., Luther A. Gotwald, Jr., aged 14 years, 8 months and 15 days.

On the 7th inst., in Lewisburg, Charles D., son of Rev. Benjamin Hengst aged 20 years, 11 months and 22 days.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No.	1.00
Wheat No. 2	95
Corn	45
Rye	75
Oats White	35
Oats, Black	32
Buckwheat	
Flour	5 40
Bran & Shorts, per ton	18 00
Salt, per Brl.	1.75
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	16
Hams	12
Sides	8
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	15
Potatoes	50
Lard	10
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	6
Dried Peaches	10
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.50
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	5.90
Pea "	

BEE HIVE

Dry Goods House of Lock Haven for SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1881.

Never since the establishment of this great Dry Goods House have we done such an extensive business as we have done this spring. We will in a few days open our fourth immense stock for the Spring and Summer of 1881. The people of Lock Haven, Clinton and Centre counties are showing their great appreciation of the wonderful bargains we are offering in our entire stock. First class goods, only honest dealing, no misrepresentations and low prices always win. This is the motto on which we have built up our enormous trade and will here say that we fully appreciate the liberal patronage of the People in sustaining a first class Dry Goods Store in Lock Haven, which it has been our humble effort for some years to establish.

Our Dress Goods DEPARTMENT

is especially attractive and excels any effort we ever made in Fineness of Stock, Richness of Patterns and in its great variety.

500 YARDS BEAUTIFUL

SUMMER SILKS

at 40, 45 and 56 cts per yard. Beautiful Black Dress Silks at 75 cts a yard. Heavy Gros Grain at 1.25 warranted not to crack or wear glossey. Beautiful Brocades in Black and all Colors. All colors of Satins and Dress Silks. 1000 yards Best Lawns in Remnants from 3 to 15 yds. 9 cts, worth 15 cts.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Black and Colored Cashmeres

ever shown in Lock Haven at astonishingly low prices, and all the new Styles of Dress Goods to be found in any city store. 500 yards of the best Pantings for Men and Boys' wear, ever shown in this city. 10000 yds. Bleached and Brown Muslins to be sold at wholesale prices. 6000 yds. best Calico warranted fast colors at 4½ cts. Great bargains in Table Linen, Tickings and Towlings, &c. 200 Parasols 25 per cent less than usual price. 1000 Pairs Ladies Lisle Thread and Kid Gloves at prices that will astonish any one who is a judge of their value. An immense stock of Stockings, Laces, Ribbons, &c.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS.

Never was there shown in Lock Haven such a stock of Body Brussels Tapestry Brussel, 3 ply and Ingrain Carpet, as we show this season and our trade is really immense on them. Beautiful Carpets from 20 cts. a yard upwards.

Come, See and be Convinced

that the Bee Hive Store offers decided advantage over every store in Central Pennsylvania in every thing in the dry goods line. Everybody welcome to the BEE HIVE, 65 MAIN STREET,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

J. J. EVERETT,
Proprietor.

WANTED: 10000 *lbs. good tub washed wool for cash or exchange for these great bargains.*

DR. JOHN F. HARTER,

PRACTICAL DENTIST,

Office on 2nd story of Tomlinson's Grocery Store, on Main Street,

MILLHEIM, PA.

B. F. KISTER,

FASHIONABLE BOOT & SHOEMAKER,

MILLHEIM, PA.

Shop next door to Foote's store, Main St.

BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS made to order, and satisfactory work guaranteed. Repairing done promptly and cheaply, and in a neat style.

P. GEPHART. D. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

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It Requires No Care.

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It Never Wears Out.

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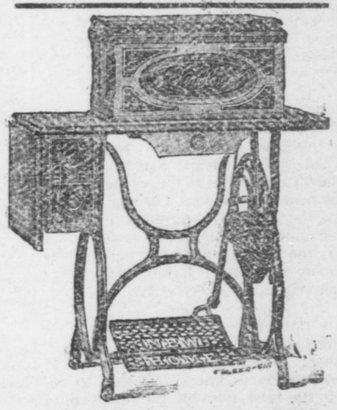

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The Simplest, Easiest Running, Most Reliable, and Most Durable Sewing Machine ever invented.
It operates Quickly, Quietly, and without fatigue to the operator.
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Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
And all troubles arising therefrom, such as Sick Headache, Distress after Eating, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Liver and Kidney Complaint, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Piles, Aches in the Back and Limbs. It is the best Blood Purifier in the World. Guaranteed by all Druggists to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Try it. Our Whole Dazing Tonic Bitters—the best appetizer in the World. Call for D. R. V. G.
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THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

AGRICULTURE.

RENOVATIVG WORN-OUT LAND.—No good farmer will allow his fields to become exhausted by excessive cropping but will adopt timely measures for keeping up their fertility; but should they become reduced under bad management, the question of renovating is one of the very first importance. If the farmer has an abundance of good dressing, the question is easy of solution; but where large areas are to be restored the manure heap is likely to fail, and some other plan must be adopted. The choice, in such a case, lies between green manuring and sheep. Land whose fertility has become quite low will produce a decent crop of clover by the aid of a liberal application of plaster, and this clover, when ploughed under, acts wonderfully in restoring the lost fertility of the soil. Buckwheat will flourish upon soil too poor for corn or wheat, and, next to clover, is perhaps the best crop for green manuring. Both should be turned under when in full bloom. The value of sheep for restoring run-out grass lands is too well known to require anything more than simple mention. It has been successfully practised for generations, and yet there are many farmers who complain of run-out lands, who keep no sheep at all. Aside from their value in restoring worn out lands to fertility, there is no stock the farmer can keep that pays so well, and that so many farmers do not keep them is a wonder. We asked one farmer the question the other day, and his reply was that his fences were too poor. In other words, it would require a little labor to repair his fences.

THINNING FRUIT.—Skilful fruit growers have long been in the practice of thinning the young fruit on overbearing trees, both for the good of the fruit that remains, and to prevent exhaustion of the trees, and we have often had occasion to urge the importance of the practice, which in addition to the advantages already mentioned, saves much labor in hand-picking afterwards numerous imperfect specimens, and much time in assorting after they are gathered. Before, or by the time they are an inch in diameter, the finest specimens may be seen for leaving, as the smaller and poorer ones are taken out. Some valuable hints on this subject were given at the last winter meeting of the Western New York Horticultural Society. W. C. Barry said they could not get good exhibition pears without thinning the clusters. They used a pole with a notch in one end, which enabled the operator to twist them off rapidly. E. Moody, in speaking of the Northern Spy, which is so often defective on crowded trees, said it would yet become very profitable when we make up our minds to thin it thoroughly, and that if we would take off in time from three-fourths to seven-eights, we would get nearly as much in measure, and twice the price of any other apple we grow. Maj. Brooks thought the Spy could be best thinned by cutting out crowded branches. Mr. Vick said no one had any business to grow apples who would not thin them.

HUNGARIAN grass or millet can be grown on sod land about as well as anywhere else. After taking off a crop of hay, turn the sod over flat, spread on and harrow in some special fertilizer. Put in the seed at the rate of one bushel to the acre, bushing it in and rolling the land. If the ground is seeded by the middle of July, a fair crop can be cut by the middle of September. There are many wide awake farmers who adopt the above practice every year.

THE three following processes may be laid down as the foundation of all good farming: First, by draining, to get rid of all the superfluous water. Second, to return to the land through the medium of manure made upon the place, if possible, the fertility of the soil which has been taken away by cropping. Third, to destroy all weeds, that they may not feed upon that fertility of the soil which the plants require.

SULPHUR FOR ROUP.—Roup will sometimes yield to the following treatment: Open the affected fowl's beak and with a tube, which may be formed of paper, blow half a teaspoonful of sulphur down the throat. Three applications have been known to cure.

AN Ohio wool grower, noticing that another flock master complained that he could not rid his sheep of ticks, says he was troubled that way once, and advises wetting salt with turpentine when salting sheep. He finds this effectual, without "dipping."

A Boss Time.

A boy entered the Fremont Police Station on a run Sunday night and requested the presence of an officer to quell a disturbance in a house on the upper end of Beaubien street. When the officer reached the house he found about twenty people assembled to witness a marriage, but a former lover of the bride had refused to let the ceremony proceed. The father took the officer through into the kitchen and explained.

"The objector and objections have happily been removed and the marriage ceremony performed. Sorry to have troubled you, but you shall partake of thirteen different kinds of refreshment."

"What was the trouble?"

"Well not much. My daughter was engaged to a teamster, but they got into a quarrel and declared it off. Then she was engaged to a bricklayer, but he lied to her, and they broke it up. Then she was engaged to a milkman, and they were expecting to be married, when along came this young man. He is a cooper, and so am I. I saw how nice it would be for us to coop together, he using my shop and I using his tools, and so I persuaded Mary to have him.

"And the milkman kicked."

"Yes. He raised a great row about it, but we finally subjugated him."

"How?"

"Come this way?"

The father led the officer into the back yard, and the old lover, was then discovered, tied neck and heals, and pushed into an empty hogshead, with the big family dog standing guard over him. The prisoner was terribly indignated, threatening to clean out the crowd, and he rested a moment on the high back fence to observe,

"As for you, old peg-leg, I'll lay for you! If I ever catch you, I'll mash every bone in your body!"

"Dear me! but how unreasonable!" sighed the father as he rubbed his hands. The young man does not seem to realize the benefits of a cooper copartnership. The capacity of my shop will now be doubled, business will be rushed, and I shall board the bridal couple for $8 per week, cash every Saturday. Reuben must get over this unreasonableness or I shall refuse to take milk of him. But come in and kiss the bride and help us festivate over the auspicious occasion."

The officer found opportunity to ask Mary if it was a happy match for her, and she answered:

"Well, dad's boss here. He said I might as well marry a cooper as a milkman, and I didn't want to flunk on the old man. Sort o' boss time isn't it?"

DOMESTIC.

HOME MADE BREAD.—Two distinct methods produce good results; both are given below, with personal preference for the quickest: To make the yeast—boil two ounces of hops in four quarts of water for a half-hour, strain, cool the liquid until lukewarm, add half a pound of brown sugar, two teaspoonfuls of salt, and gradually stir in one pound of flour; let this leaven ferment four days in a temperature of about 98 deg. Fahrenheit, stirring it whenever it rises to a foam. On the third day add to it three pounds of potatoes boiled and mashed, on the fourth day strain and bottle it and keep it in a cool place. To make bread: Put seven pounds of flour in a deep bowl, make a hollow in the center and put into it one quart of lukewarm water, and use as much of it as is necessary to make a rather soft dough, mixing it well with the hands until it is smooth and shining then strew a little flour under and over it, cover the bowl with a thick folded towel, and set to rise five hours in a temperature of 98 deg. when it has risen knead it for 15 minutes, divide it into four loaves, place them in separate pans, and let the loaves stand where the dough has been until they have swollen to double their first size; prick each one three times with a fork, and bake them one hour in a moderate oven, taking care not to burn them. In winter be sure to keep the bread dough well covered so that it may rise properly.

PREVENTION OF DIPHTHERIA.—To prevent diphtheria, then, and so finally exterminate it, every man, woman and child throughout our land and the world should be brought to obey the the laws of life and health. Parents should regularly feed, properly bathe and duly restrain all children before they come to the years of understanding and accountability. This alone would do much. A late prominent physician of Paris estimated that 3,000 children had died in that city during the thirty years of his practice there from short sleeves, snort pants and other kindred imprudences in the dressing of children. And I am fully convinced that as large a proportion are sacrificed, in towns at least, in this country from the same cause—all for a *wicked* fashion. And, from a careful observation in this country and abroad, I am confident that at least as many more are carried off by improper food and irregularity in taking it, together with poisonous candies and other unwholesome and indigestible trash that no child or other person should eat.

PHOTOGRAPH DETECTIVES.—A contrivance called the Detective Camera was lately brought out in London. Its purpose is to enable a person to take photographs of any desired subject, without anybody but himself being cognizant of the operation. In outward appearance it resembles a square case, and can be disguised as a portmanteau, a shoe-black's box, or even a book. The operator places it upon the ground, or holds it under his arm, the pressure of a pneumatic ball opening or closing the hidded lens at the required moment. Several scenes have been thus secured, which bear evidence that the models had no idea that their images were being so stolen.

COOKING BY ELECTRICITY.—As a matter of fact the electric current is as well fitted to produce heat as it is to produce light, and just as electricity will, in all probability, be made to yield the principal artificial light of the future, so will it doubtless be applied to household heating. The same machines which light the house by night will heat and cook by day, besides performing other duties, such as driving a coffee mill or a sewing machine.

ALMOND cookies are very nice. This rule will make a large quantity, and may of course be varied to suit your need: Two pounds of butter, three pounds of sugar, one pound of almonds blanched and chopped, cut in halves or pounded, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, one teaspoonful of saleratus, one cup of boiling water, one lemon, one dozen eggs, knead in flour enough to make the dough as stiff as cooky dough should be, roll and cut in fancy shapes, and after they are in the tins sprinkle the almonds thickly over them.

CHOCOLATE PUDDING.—Scald together a quart of milk and three ounces of grated chocolate. Set it away until cold and then add the beaten yolks of five eggs and cup of sugar. Bake about twenty-five minutes. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, spread over the top of the pudding and brown them slightly in the oven. This pudding should be served very cold.

TELEPHONE ALARMS.—The Belgium Telephone Company have made arrangements so that any of the subscribers leaving word any evening may be awakened at any hour the next morning by means of a powerful alarm.

AIR CLOCKS.—There is an effort making in England, to test the system of compressed air clocks, which have been introduced into Paris, and of which long descriptions with pictorial illustrations have appeared in scientific and mechanical journals. Ten stations are proposed for the British metropolis.

WHIPPED POTATOES.—Whip boiled potatoes to creamy lightness with a fork; beat in butter, milk, pepper and salt; at last the frothed white of an egg; toss irregularly upon a dish, set in the oven two minutes to reheat but do not let it color.

BEAN SALAD.—Put some lima beans, potatoes and beets (all boiled tender) on ice, and a short time before serving cut the potatoes and beets into rather thin slices, add the beans and dress with oil, pepper, salt and vinegar. Garnish with a few watercresses.

HOUSEKEEPERS will find that zincs may be scoured with great economy of time and strength by using either glycerine or creosote mixed with a little diluted sulphric acid.

GLUE frequently cracks because of the dryness of the air in rooms warmed by stoves. An Austrian paper recommends the addition of a little chloride of calcium to glue to prevent this.

CHAPPING of the hands, which is one of the most disagreeable inconveniences of cold weather, can be easily prevented by rubbing the hands with powdered starch.

BAR soap, when bought, should be cut in square pieces and put in a dry place. It lasts better after shrinking.

ALL fish skin should be washed, dried thoroughly, cut in small bits and put in a box or paper bag to use in settling coffee.

WHENEVER the sauce boils from the sides of the pan you may know the flour or corn starch is done.

MANY do not know that eggs readily acquire the flavor of the substances in which they are preserved.

IN icing cakes, dip the knife frequently into cold water.

HUMOROUS.

A MAN read a newspaper article upon the duty and necessity of making wills. It told of the evils and embarrassments which frequently follow a neglect of this important though disagreeable duty, and impressed it upon the reader that will-making was something that should not be postponed. The article produced a deep effect upon this man at once. The thought of making a will had never entered his head before, and he was on the down hill side of life, too. He turned it over and over in his mind. True, he was in good health then, but he did not know what might happen. Men in perfect health, apparently, had been known to drop down dead. Yet he shrank from making a will. It looked too much like winding up one's worldly affairs for the final jump into eternity. But the thought haunted him. He couldn't sleep at nights on account of it. He was sorry that he knew anything about wills and regretted that he had ever read the article. After growing nervous and thin and pale over the matter, he finally screwed himself up to the determination that he would make his will, when he discovered that he hadn't anything to will and never had. He felt better.

[Pittsburgh Catholic.]

Their Statements Indorsed.

A strong statement unqualifiedly indorsed must induce confidence. In this connection we note the following from Dr. Louis Bock & Son, Sheboygan, Wis.: We have been handling St. Jacob's Oil and are pleased with the large demand. Hardly a day goes by without hearing from some one or another of our patrons having used it with entire satisfaction, saying it is the best thing they ever tried, and we join them in so saying

A CONSUMPTIVE LOOKING man, lame and feeble, and carrying a pint bottle full of something, halted a pedestrian in the street the other day, and said—"I found this bottle in the corner there, and I wish you'd tell me what's in it." The other took it, removed the cork, and snuffed in a full breath. The next instant he staggered against the wall, clawing the air and choking and gasping, and it was a full minute before he blurted out, "Why, you idiot; that's hartshorn!" "Well, I'm perfectly willing to take your word for it without extra insults," observed the invalid, in an injured voice. He took his bottle and walked off, like a man who had been abused without the least excuse.

MAN is a noble creature. He will come down town and expend a quarter at a barber shop for shaving and perfumery. He will spend as much, or more, on a game of billiards, get his boots blackened, buy a quarter's worth of cigars, a plug of tobacco, and a glass of beer. He carries home a little paper bucket of ice cream, and helps to eat it. The cream shows that he is ready to deny himself, and that he never forgets his darling little wife.

[Boston, (Mass.) Cultivator].

Mr. M. F. Morse, Westboro', Mass., mentions to us the gratifying information, that St. Jacob's Oil relieved him of a very severe attack of Sciatic Rheumatism and is an excellent thing.

MADAME X. asks her husband for a new dress. "But, bless my soul, dear, this is the fourth new dress you've wanted in two months." "Very well, very well; your heartlessness will kill me, and then you'll see if the new dress I'll want then—plain white with satin facings to match the lining of the coffin—won't cost a deal more." "It may, my love, but it will be cheaper in the long run—you'll never want another!"

"CAN a man see without eyes?" asked the Professor. "Yes, sir," was the prompt answer. "Pray, sir, how do you make that out?" cried the astonished Professor. "He can see with *one*, sir," replied the ready witted youth, and the whole class shouted with delight at his triumph over metaphysics.

The Greatest Blessing

A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it?"

"DOCTOR, what can I do to get rid of my biliousness?" asked a Camden inebriate of a plain-spoken doctor,

"Quit drinking beer and whiskey."

"But if I buit I'll collapse right off, won't I?"

"Certainly."

"It don't seem to me that it makes much difference then. If I keep on I'll be bilious as long as I live and if I quit I'll be bilious until I die."

"PETER, what are you saying to the boy?" said a schoolmaster. "He wanted to know if you take ten from seventeen how many will remain; so I took ten of his apples to show him and now he wants that I should give them back." "Well, why don't you do it then?" "Coz, sir, he would then forget how many is left."

"How are You, My Old Friend?"

Asked a bright looking man. "Oh! I feel miserable; I'm bilious, and can't eat, and my back is so lame I can't work." "Why in the world don't you take Kidney-Wort? That's what I take when I'm out of sorts, and it always keeps me in perfect tune. My doctor recommends it for all such troubles." Kidney-Wort is the sure cure for biliousness and constipation. Don't fail to try it.—LONG BRANCH NEWS.

A GENTLEMAN calling on a farmer, observed, "Mr. Jones your clock is quite right, is it?" "Well, you see, sir," said Mr. Jones "nobody don't understand much about that clock but me. When the hands of the clock stand at twelve then it strikes two, and then I knows it's twenty minutes to seven.

A POLITICAL economist found a poor fellow who has been arraigned for stealing sheep, and looking at him with pitiful glance said philosophically. "You ought to have known that to deliberately steal a sheep is a great crime, which there is no earthly necessity to perpetrate. Why didn't you just buy the sheep and not pay for it? That would have simplified matters and saved you from prison."

THERE is but one real cure for baldness—CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, a natural Hair Restorer. As recently improved, CARBOLINE is free from any objection. The best hair dressing known.

"WE gain by others' failures," said the lecturer. And the little man in the snuff-colored suit, who sat in the back row, rose right up to remark, "Perhaps you do, but blamed if I gain anything by 'em. No less than a dozen 's failed this week, and they stuck me bad, every one." As the policeman carried him out, he was heard to remark about being allowed to pick a fellow up when he was lying that way.

Vegetine.

Prostrated From Weakness.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 5, 1879.

MR. STEVENS—Dear Sir: I can testify to the good effects of your medicine. For several years I was afflicted with a severe cough and weakness, and was perfectly prostrated; but after taking three bottles of your Vegetine, made from the Powder, I was entirely relieved.

Very respectfully, Mrs. M. E. STREET,
51 Gilmore Street.

SKIN DISEASE CURED.

BALTIMORE, Md., June, 4, 1879.

Dear Sir: About six months ago I found my face and body covered with pimples. Vegetine was strongly recommended to me by a friend, and I procured some at a neighboring drug store. After using two bottles I must say I was entirely cured, and I can cheerfully recommend it as a Blood Purifier.

M. LOWENSTEIN, 103 S. Caroline St.

I AM CURED!

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 8, 1879. 1320 Warren Street.

I have been suffering from Chronic Ulcerations of the leg for the last five years. About three months ago I was recommended to use Vegetine, and since using it, I am cured. I am never without Vegetine in the house.

JOHN WAGNER.

Mr. Wagner is one of our old German citizens of St. Louis, and I have sold him Vegetine.

H. H. VOGT.

To Purify the Blood

BALTIMORE, Md., May 5, 1879.

MR. STEVENS—Sir: I have used your Vegetine, and believe it is the best medicine out for driving away all impurities of the blood, removing boils, pimples and all other eruptions of the skin. I can recommend it to all my friends as a good thing to purify the blood. Yours respectfully,

HENRY LEWIS,
Old Town Hotel.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

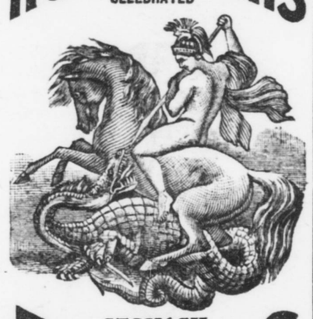
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists. 6a

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED



STOMACH
BITTERS

The Traveler who Wisely Provides

Against the contingency of illness by taking with him Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has occasion to congratulate himself on his foresight, when he sees others who have neglected to do so suffering from some one of the maladies for which it is a remedy and preventive. Among these are fever and ague, biliousness, constipation and rheumatism, diseases often attendant upon a change of climate or unwonted diet. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use **Hop Bitters.**

If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on **Hop Bitters.**

Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without *intoxicating*, take **Hop Bitters.**

Have you *dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint*, disease of the *stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves?*

You will be cured if you use **Hop Bitters**

If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! **It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.**

If you are a man of letters toiling over midnight work, or lecture brain nerve and waste, use **Hop B.**

suffering from any indiscretion; if you are married or young, suffering from ill-health or languishing on a bed of sickness, use **Hop Bitters.**

Thousands die annually from some form of **Kidney** disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of **HopBitters**

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.

Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.

HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

Those answering an advertisement will confer a favor upon the advertiser and the publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this paper, naming the paper.

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY.

New Edition of WEBSTER, has 118,000 Words, 3000 Engravings, 4600 NEW WORDS and Meanings, Biographical Dictionary of over 9700 Names.

Published by G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.

Given up by Doctors.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well a-day! That is remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George—I know hops are good."

A GENTLEMAN met a rather "uncertain" acquaintance in the post-office recently, when the latter said: "I'm a little short, and would like to ask you a conundrum.' "Proceed," observed the gentleman. "Well," said the "short" man, "suppose you had $10 in your pocket and I should ask you for $5, how much would remain?" "Ten dollars," was the prompt answer.

REMEMBER!—The only perfect proprietary medicine as a "Blood Searcher" is that bearing the name of "Dr Lindsey," and which may be had from druggists.

"DON'T you think we ought to separate, our husbands?" said a lady to her friend. "Do you not see how excited they have become? They are beginning to call each other 'ox' and 'ass' and all sorts of disagreeable things." "Oh, no," was the calm reply. "Let them go on; they have known each other for more than twenty years, and ought to know what they are talking about."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound, the great medicine for the cure of all female complaints, is the greatest strengthener of the back, stomach, nerves, kidneys, urinary and genital organs of man and woman ever known. Send for circulars to Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

A GENTLEMAN, recently about to pay his doctor's bill, said: "Well, doctor, as my little boy gave the measles to all my neighbor's children, and as they were attended by you, I think you can afford, at the very least; to deduct ten per cent from the amount of my bill for the increase of business we gave you."

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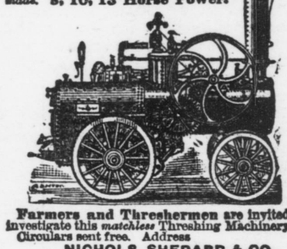

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